Writing & Grammar 7 - 4th Edition Lesson Plan Overview

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
			Chapter 1: Sentences
1	2–7	2–7	 Recall the definition of a sentence. Classify sentences as either declarative, interrogative, imperative, or exclamatory. Write sentences with correct end marks.
2	8–10	8–10	 Recall the two main parts of a sentence. Label the subject and predicate in a sentence. Write an original sentence and identify the subject and predicate.
3	11–14	11–14	 List the coordinating conjunctions. Identify correlative conjunctions in a sentence. Combine sentences using coordinating conjunctions and correct punctuation. Use correlative conjunctions to join sentence elements of the same kind.
4	15–17	15–17	 Identify compound subjects and compound predicates in sentences. Combine sentences using compound subjects or compound predicates.
5	18–19	18–19	 Label subjects and predicates in a sentence in which the order is inverted. Write a sentence in which the subject and predicate are inverted.
6	20–23	20–23	 Recall the definition of a fragment. Identify fragments. Expand fragments to write them correctly as sentences.
7	24–25	24–25	 Explain the necessity of loving one's neighbor in the writing process. <u>BWS</u> Define appropriate use of fragments. Evaluate use of fragments for appropriateness. Write with appropriate use of (a) fragment(s).
8	26–30	26–30	 Identify a comma splice. Identify a fused sentence. Correct comma splices and fused sentences using correct punctuation.
9	31–33	31–33	• Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 1.
10			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 1 by taking Test 1.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives			
	Chapter 2: Verbs					
11	34–37	34–37	 Recall the definition of verbs. Identify action verbs in a sentence. Identify state-of-being verbs in a sentence. Complete a sentence using action or state-of-being verbs. 			
12	38–39	38–39	 Explain the importance of craft in communicating truth. <u>BWS</u> Analyze a mentor text for the strength of the action verbs. Craft writing that evidences strong action verbs. 			
13	40–42	40-42	 Define transitive and intransitive verbs. Identify intransitive verbs in a sentence. Associate transitive verbs with their direct and indirect objects in a sentence. Write sentences with intransitive verbs. Write sentences with transitive verbs. 			
14	43–45	43–45	 List linking verbs. Find linking verbs in a sentence. Label predicate nouns and predicate adjectives in sentences. Write sentences with linking verbs. 			
15	46–49	46–49	 Identify verbs used as either linking or action. Discern whether verbs are being used as action or linking verbs. 			
16	50–51	50–51	 Evaluate a false claim using a primary source. <u>BWS</u> Draft writing with sentence patterns in mind. Evaluate writing for appropriate variety in sentence patterns. Revise writing with little variety in sentence patterns. Produce writing that evidences a variety of sentence patterns. 			
17	52–53	52–53	 Give examples of helping verbs. Find helping verbs in a sentence. Write a sentence using helping verbs. 			
18	54–57	54–57	 List the principal parts of verbs. Use the correct principal part of a verb in a sentence. Evaluate writing with incorrect verb parts. Revise writing with incorrect verb parts. 			
19	58–60	58–60	 Use the principal parts of the verbs <i>rise</i> and <i>raise</i> correctly. Use the principal parts of the verbs <i>sit</i> and <i>set</i> correctly. Use the principal parts of the verbs <i>lie</i> and <i>lay</i> correctly. 			

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
20	61–63	61–63	 Express a verb in the three simple tenses. Correctly spell verbs in different simple tenses. Choose the right simple verb tense in a sentence. Evaluate writing with incorrect verb tenses. Revise writing with incorrect verb tenses.
21	64–67	64–67	 Express a verb in present and past perfect tenses. Choose the right perfect verb tense in a sentence. Evaluate writing with incorrect perfect verb tenses.
22	68–71	68–71	 Express a verb in future perfect tense. Choose the right perfect verb tense in a sentence. Write using the correct sequence of tenses.
23	72–75	72–75	Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 2.
24			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 2 by taking Test 2.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
			Chapter 3: Nouns
25	76–80	76–80	 Compare singular and plural nouns. Classify nouns as singular or plural. Write sentences using singular and plural nouns. Spell the plurals of nouns correctly.
26	81–83	81–83	 Convert a noun into its possessive form. Supply the correct form of a noun. Write sentences using singular and plural possessive nouns.
27	84–87	84–87	 Compare possessive and plural nouns. Classify nouns as plural or possessive. Write sentences using plural and possessive nouns.
28	88–91	88–91	 Recall nouns as common and proper. Define count and noncount nouns. Classify nouns as common, proper, count, and noncount. Capitalize proper nouns.
29	92–95	92–95	 Define compound, concrete, and abstract nouns. Classify nouns as compound, concrete, or abstract. Write sentences with concrete and abstract nouns.
30	96–97	96–97	 Relate imitating God to using craft in the writing process. <u>BWS</u> Analyze a mentor text for its use of vivid, specific nouns. Craft writing that evidences vivid, specific nouns to communicate.
31	98–101	98–101	• Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 3.
32			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 3 by taking Test 3.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
			Chapter 4: Pronouns
33	102–7	102–7	 Identify pronouns in a sentence. Relate a pronoun in a sentence to its antecedent. Replace an antecedent with an appropriate demonstrative pronoun.
34	108–11	108–11	 List personal pronouns based on person, number, and gender. Replace an antecedent with an appropriate personal pronoun. Condense sentences with strategic pronoun use. Classify pronouns as personal, demonstrative, and interrogative.
35	112–15	112–15	 Classify pronouns as reflexive or intensive. Write sentences using intensive and reflexive pronouns.
36	116–19	116–19	 List indefinite pronouns. Identify indefinite pronouns in a sentence. Classify pronouns as personal, demonstrative, or indefinite.
37	120–21	120–21	 Analyze mentor texts for showing rather than telling. Craft writing that evidences showing, not telling, to communicate. Evaluate a text for effectiveness of description. <u>BWS</u>
38	122–25	122–25	Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 4.
39			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 4 by taking Test 4.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
			Chapter 5: Narrative Writing
40–41	126–33	126–33	 Identify elements of narrative writing. Analyze craft and point of view in a mentor text on narrative writing. Define setting, conflict, rising action, and resolution in a story plot. Identify setting, conflict, rising action, and resolution in a mentor text.
42–43	134–39	134–39	 Identify purpose and audience in a mentor narrative text.
44–46	140–41	140–41	Draft a narrative.
47–48	142–43	142–43	 Compare the drafted narrative with the planned narrative. Evaluate the drafted narrative based on a rubric. Revise the drafted narrative based on evaluation. Review a peer's narrative.
49	144	144	 Proofread a narrative draft. Incorporate revisions from proofreading into a final manuscript.
50–51	145	145	 Publish a narrative. Evaluate the choices made regarding audience and craft. <u>BWS</u>

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
			Chapter 6: Adjectives
52	146–51	146–51	 Identify adjectives in a sentence. Label the word an adjective modifies in a sentence. Write descriptive sentences using adjectives. Punctuate coordinate adjectives correctly.
53	152–53	152–53	 Analyze mentor texts with adjectives that vividly and beautifully communicate details. Relate vivid writing to the importance of accuracy in the writing process. <u>BWS</u> Craft text with adjectives that vividly and beautifully communicate details.
54	154–56	154–56	Compare the forms of adjectives.Use the correct adjective form in a sentence.
55	157–59	157–59	 Discern whether words are nouns, pronouns, or adjectives, based on their function in a sentence. Write two sentences with a common word that acts as a noun or pronoun in one sentence and an adjective in another.
56	160–63	160–63	 Identify each article, possessive, and independent possessive in a sentence. Categorize words as articles, possessives, or independent possessives. Write original sentences using articles, possessives, and independent possessives.
57	164–65	164–65	 Identify common and proper adjectives in a sentence. Categorize adjectives as common or proper. Capitalize proper adjectives in a sentence. Relate proper and common adjectives to the words they modify in a sentence.
58	166–69	166–69	Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 6.
59			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 6 by taking Test 6.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
			Chapter 7: Adverbs
60	170–73	170–73	Identify adverbs in sentences.
61	174–77	174–77	 Label the word an adverb modifies in a sentence. Compare the locations of adverbs in sentences. Complete a sentence using appropriate adverbs.
62	178–81	178–81	 Compare the forms of adverbs. Use the correct form of an adverb in a sentence. Complete sentences by using the correct form of adverbs or adjectives.
63	182–86	182–86	 Identify a modifier as an adjective or adverb based on its function. Compare the position of adjectives and adverbs. Compare the positive, comparative, and superlative forms of adjectives and adverbs. Write a sentence containing both an adjective and an adverb.
64	187–91	187–91	 Identify double negatives in writing. Use the correct form in comparison. Avoid double comparisons.
65	192–93	192–93	 Relate proper motivations for writing to caring for one's neighbor. <u>BWS</u> Define rhythm in writing. Analyze rhythm in mentor texts. Write with an ear to rhythm.
66	194–97	194–97	Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 7.
67			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 7 by taking Test 7.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
		·	Chapter 8: Phrases
68	198– 203	198–203	 Identify prepositions and prepositional phrases in sentences. Analyze a sentence to determine if a word is functioning as a preposition or as an adverb.
69	204–7	204–7	 Identify adjectival and adverbial phrases in sentences.
70	208–9	208–9	 Create descriptive sentences using adjectival and adverbial prepositional phrases. Explain negative effects of imprecise communication. <u>BWS</u>
71	210–14	210–14	 Analyze sentences for misplaced modifiers and correct them. Write an original sentence, exhibiting the correct placement of modifiers for clarity of meaning.
72	215–19	215–19	 Define an appositive and an appositive phrase. Distinguish restrictive from nonrestrictive appositives. Identify restrictive and nonrestrictive appositives. Punctuate nonrestrictive appositives correctly.
73	220–21	220–21	 Create sentences using appositives and appositive phrases for tighter writing. Formulate a particular belief using elements of craft. <u>BWS</u>
74	222–25	222–25	Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 8.
75			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 8 by taking Test 8.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives			
	Chapter 9: Informative Writing					
76	226–35	226–35	 Identify elements of informative writing. Identify purpose and audience in an informative mentor text. Identify organizational strategies and informational support in an informative mentor text. Analyze an informative mentor text for truthfulness. <u>BWS</u> 			
77–78	236–38	236–38	 Choose a topic for an informational piece. Brainstorm related ideas for an informational piece. Organize ideas into a tentative outline for an informational piece. 			
79	239	239	 Identify characteristics of credible sources. Assess the credibility and accuracy of sources. 			
80	240	240	 Analyze the correct MLA form for citing sources within an informative piece. Analyze the correct works-cited form for listing sources in an informative piece. Create a works-cited entry using correct MLA form. 			
81–82	241–42	240–41	 Contrast paraphrasing and plagiarism. Quote the data or conclusions of others in a sentence. Paraphrase the data or conclusions of others. 			
83–84	242–45	242–45	• Draft an informative piece using organizational strategies and research support.			
85–86	246–47	246–47	Evaluate the informative draft using a rubric.Revise the informative draft.			
87	248	248–49	 Proofread the informative draft using a checklist. Review a peer's informative draft, and offer suggestions for improvement. 			
88–90	249	249	 Incorporate revisions from proofreading into a final manuscript. Evaluate the process and significance of writing the informative piece. <u>BWS</u> 			

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
			Chapter 10: Clauses
91	250–54	250–54	Distinguish independent from dependent clauses.
92	255–57	255–57	 Distinguish between simple and compound sentences. Write simple and compound sentences, punctuating them correctly.
93	258–60	258–60	 Identify subordinating conjunctions in a sentence. Distinguish between words used as prepositions and words used as subordinating conjunctions in sentences.
94	261–66	261–66	 Classify sentences as simple, compound, or complex, using sentence patterns. Write a complex sentence using correct punctuation.
95	267–69	267–69	 Distinguish simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences. Write a compound-complex sentence using correct punctuation.
96	270–71	270–71	 Analyze a mentor text for variety in sentence types. Create compound and complex sentences by combining sentences. Apply elements of balance to a paragraph. <u>BWS</u>
97	272–75	272–75	• Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 10.
98			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 10 by taking Test 10.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives
			Chapter 11: Verbals
99	276–81	276–81	 Define a verbal. Define a participle. Identify present and past participles based on their characteristics. Relate words functioning as present and past participles to the words they modify.
100	282–85	282–85	 Define a participial phrase. Identify correct placement and punctuation for participial phrases. Analyze sentences to determine present and past participial phrases and their modifiers. Combine sentences to create participles and participial phrases.
101	286–87	286–87	 Expand sentences with participial phrases to strengthen the sentences stylistically. Create original sentences with present and past participles and participial phrases. Formulate a strategy to make a message memorable. <u>BWS</u>
102	288–90	288–90	 Define a gerund. Analyze sentences to find gerunds and their functions.
103	291–92	291–92	Define a gerund phrase.Analyze sentences to find gerund phrases.
104	293–95	293–95	 Define an infinitive and identify its various functions in sentences. Analyze sentences to recognize infinitives and to discern between infinitives and prepositional phrases.
105	296–98	296–98	Define an infinitive phrase.Analyze sentences to find infinitive phrases.
106	299– 303	299–303	 Define a dangling modifier. Distinguish a dangling modifier from a misplaced modifier. Use the two methods to correct a dangling modifier. Analyze sentences to identify misplaced and dangling modifiers and correct them, using correct punctuation. Create original sentences illustrating dangling modifiers for classmates to correct.
107	304–7	304–7	• Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 11.
108			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 11 by taking Test 11.

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives		
	Chapter 12: Subject-Verb Agreement				
109	308–12	308–12	 Distinguish between singular/plural verbs and subjects. Identify the singular and plural forms of the verb <i>be</i> in present and past tense. Identify the verb form that agrees with the subject. 		
110	313–15	313–15	 Identify indefinite pronouns. Distinguish singular from plural indefinite pronouns. Choose the correct verb to agree with an indefinite pronoun as subject. 		
111	316–19	316–19	• Choose the correct singular or plural verb to agree with a compound subject.		
112	320–23	320–23	 Identify subjects and verbs in sentences with a variety of sentence patterns. Correct subject-verb agreement problems. 		
113	324–25	324–25	 Analyze paragraph development and unity in a mentor text. Create a unified paragraph that exhibits a topic sentence, supporting sentences, and a concluding sentence. Formulate a biblical worldview of orderly writing. <u>BWS</u> 		
114	326–27	326–27	Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 12.		
115			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 12 by taking Test 12.		
	Chapter 13: Pronoun-Antecedent Agreement				
116	328–31	328–31	• Choose personal pronouns that agree with their antecedents in both number and gender.		
117	332–35	332–35	• Analyze sentences to make indefinite pronouns agree with their antecedents in number and gender based on context.		
118	336–37	336–37	 Recognize perceived gender bias in pronoun usage in writing. Analyze the subtle effects of pronoun choices in writing. Recognize the shifting status of the pronoun <i>they</i> as a singular gender-neutral pronoun substitute. Evaluate various audiences regarding particular topics. <u>BWS</u> 		
119	338–39	338–39	Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 13.		
120			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 13 by taking Test 13.		

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives	
	Chapter 14: Argumentative Writing			
121	340–47	340–47	 Identify characteristics of argumentative writing. Identify purpose and audience in an argumentative mentor text. Identify the thesis, reasons, and evidence in an argumentative mentor text. 	
122– 23	340–49	340–49	 Formulate an argumentative thesis on a given topic. Identify the counterargument. Identify reasons and evidence that support a thesis. Analyze an argumentative mentor text for truthfulness. <u>BWS</u> 	
124– 25	350	350	 Choose a topic for an argumentative piece. Formulate a thesis for an argumentative piece. 	
126– 27	351	351	 Create a list of reasons to support an argument. Formulate a strategy to organize reasons that support an argument. Organize reasons into a tentative outline for an argumentative piece. 	
128– 29	351–52	351	 Recall characteristics of credible sources. Find credible sources to support an argument. Assess the credibility and accuracy of supporting sources. Prepare notes using the correct MLA form for citing sources within an argumentative piece. Prepare notes using the correct bibliographical form for listing sources in an argumentative piece. 	
130– 31	352–53	352	 Analyze the effective use of quotations in a mentor text. Incorporate quotations into a sentence using correct capitalization and punctuation. 	
132– 34	353–54	353	• Draft an argumentative piece using clear reasons and relevant evidence in a strategic order.	
135– 36	354–55	354	 Evaluate the argumentative draft using a rubric. Revise the argumentative draft. 	
137	355–56	355–56	 Proofread the argumentative draft using a checklist. Review a peer's argumentative draft and offer suggestions for improvement. 	
138– 39	356–57	357	 Incorporate revisions from proofreading into a final manuscript. Formulate argumentative strategies for various kinds of audiences. <u>BWS</u> Evaluate the process and significance of writing the argumentative piece. <u>BWS</u> 	

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives	
	Chapter 15: Pronoun Usage			
140	358–63	358–63	 Use the subjective case for pronouns functioning as subjects or as predicate nouns. Use the objective case for pronouns functioning as direct objects, indirect objects, or objects of prepositions. 	
141	364–65	364–65	 Analyze sentences to choose correctly between <i>we</i> and <i>us</i> and between <i>who</i> and <i>whom</i>. 	
142	366–69	366–69	 Use possessive pronoun/contraction pairs correctly. Use correct personal pronoun courtesy order. 	
143	370–71	370–71	 Use reflexive and intensive pronouns correctly. Avoid using <i>hisself</i> and <i>theirselves</i>. 	
144	372–75	372–75	• Revise sentences to eliminate unclear pronoun reference.	
145	376–77	376–77	 Analyze how different perspectives affect writing. Avoid hypercorrection in pronoun choice. Write original sentences using possessive personal pronouns and contraction homonym pairs correctly. Evaluate original sentences that use second-person pronouns. <u>BWS</u> 	
146	378–81	378–81	Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 15.	
147			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 15 by taking Test 15.	

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives	
	Chapter 16: Punctuation			
148	382–87	382–87	 Choose the correct end mark for a sentence. Use periods correctly other than for end marks, including the formation of abbreviations, outlines, lists, and decimals. Write sentences using end marks. 	
149	388–93	388–93	 Recall that a comma is needed to separate the first independent clause from the conjunction in a compound sentence. Recall that a comma is needed to separate an introductory dependent clause from the independent clause in a complex sentence. Use a comma to separate three or more items in a series. Determine whether a comma is needed to separate two adjectives that modify the same noun in a sentence. Use a comma to separate introductory words or interjections from the rest of the sentence. Use a comma or a pair of commas properly to separate a noun of direct address or an interrupting phrase. Combine sentences using commas correctly. 	
150	394–96	394–96	 Use a comma to separate a direct quotation from the rest of the sentence and to separate the day from the year. Use commas properly with quotations, dates, and addresses. Use commas correctly in letters. 	
151	397– 400	397–400	 Use a semicolon to separate two independent clauses in a compound sentence. Use a colon to separate the chapter from the verse in a Bible reference and the hour from the minutes in a statement of time. Use a colon after an independent clause that introduces a list and after the greeting of a business letter. Combine sentences using a comma and conjunction, a semicolon, or a colon. 	
152	401–2	401–2	 Recall that quotation marks are needed to show words have been taken from another source and to show the words of the speakers in a dialogue. Recall correct punctuation of quotation marks with commas, periods, question marks, or exclamation points. Recall that quotation marks are placed around certain kinds of titles. 	
153	403–5	403–5	 Italicize or underline words and letters being discussed, names of large vehicles, titles of long works, and names of works of art. 	
154	406–7	406–7	• Use an apostrophe to show the omission of letters or numbers, to show the plurals of letters being discussed, and to form the possessive of nouns.	

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives	
155	408–9	408–9	 Use a hyphen to divide words correctly at the end of a line and to show the omission of a connecting word. Use a hyphen between the words of multiword numbers up to ninety-nine and between the two parts of a fraction that is written out. 	
156	410–11	410–11	 Analyze a mentor text's effective use of punctuation for style, tone, and clarity. Create a correctly punctuated paragraph. Apply biblical principles to texting or social media. <u>BWS</u> 	
157	412–13	412–13	• Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 16.	
158			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts from Chapter 16 by taking Test 16.	
	Chapter 17: Capitalization			
159	414–18	414–18	Capitalize proper nouns naming people and places.	
160	419–22	419–22	 Identify capitalization errors and proper capitalization of religious terms, large constructions, organizations and businesses, nationalities, ethnic groups, languages, and flags. 	
161	423–25	423–25	• Differentiate between capitalization errors and proper capitalization of titles, calendar items, and historical terms.	
162	426–31	426–31	 Identify capitalization errors and proper capitalization of proper adjectives, the word <i>I</i>, first words, and certain parts of a letter. Avoid capitalizing common nouns. 	
163	432–33	432–33	 Define <i>figurative language, metaphor,</i> and <i>simile</i>. Write sentences containing either original metaphors or similes. Write sentences containing clichés. Revise sentences containing clichés. Analyze the use of clichés regarding God. <u>BWS</u> 	
164	434–37	434–37	• Recall concepts and terms from Chapter 17.	
165			• Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from Chapter 17 by taking Test 17.	

Lesson	Teacher Edition	Worktext	Objectives	
	Chapter 18: Writing Project: Creating an Article			
166	438–43	438–43	 Identify the purpose and audience of a magazine article. Analyze a mentor text to determine the components of a magazine article. Analyze a mentor text for evidence of research and the effective use of quotations. Compare the steps of the writing process to the real-world tasks necessary to publish an article. 	
167– 69	444–46	444–46	 Assume at least one role within the team and work to create a magazine article. Identify the purpose and audience of the magazine article to be created. Choose a topic for the magazine article after investigating various ideas for feasibility. Research the chosen topic. 	
170– 71	446–47	446–47	 Create a layout and design for the article. Select, crop, and edit photos. 	
172– 74	448–49	448–49	• Draft the article.	
175– 78	450–51	450–51	 Collaborate to revise—edit—the article. Proofread—copyedit—the article and incorporate corrections. Evaluate the article based on a rubric. Execute final checks and publish the article. Submit final project and share published article. Reflect on the process and significance of creating a magazine article. 	
179– 80			 Recall concepts and terms from all grammar chapters. Demonstrate knowledge of concepts and terms from all grammar chapters on a final exam. 	